ADOPTED

DEC 21 1999

ORDINANCE NO. 31A-202

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
JAMES CITY COUNTY
VIRGINIA

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND AND REORDAIN CHAPTER 24, ZONING, OF THE CODE OF THE COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA, BY AMENDING ARTICLE V, DISTRICTS, DIVISION 8, RURAL RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT, R-8, SECTION 24-348, PERMITTED USES; SECTION 24-349, USES PERMITTED BY SPECIAL USE PERMIT ONLY; SECTION 24-350, AREA REQUIREMENTS; AND SECTION 24-351, SETBACK REQUIREMENTS; BY ADDING SECTION 24-357, BMP REQUIREMENTS; AND SECTION 24-358, BUFFER REQUIREMENTS.

BE IT ORDAINED by the Board of Supervisors of the County of James City, Virginia, that Chapter 24, Zoning, is hereby amended and reordained by amending Article V, Districts, Division 8, Rural Residential District, R-8, Section 24-348, Permitted uses; Section 24-349, Uses permitted by special use permit only; Section 24-350, Area requirements; and Section 24-351, Setback requirements; by adding Section 24-357, BMP requirements; and Section 24-358, Buffer requirements.

Chapter 24. Zoning

Article V. Districts

Division 8, Rural Residential District, R-8

Sec. 24-348. Permitted uses.

In the Rural Residential District, R-8, structures to be erected or land to be used shall be for the following uses:

Accessory apartments in accordance with section 24-32.

Accessory buildings and structures.

Accessory uses, as defined herein.

General Agriculture, dairying, forestry, general farming and specialized farming, excluding the raising of hogs, but not commercial livestock or poultry operations which require a special use permit in the General Agricultural District, A-1.

Communication towers and tower mounted wireless communication facilities, up to a height of 35 feet.

Farmers markets, limited in area to 2,500 square feet.

Home occupations, as defined herein.

Horse and pony farms of less than 50 animals (including the raising and keeping of horses), riding stables.

House museums.

Houses of worship and cemeteries accessory thereto.

Nurseries.

Off-street parking as required by section 24-53.

Petroleum storage on a farm as an accessory use and not for resale.

Preserves and conservation areas for protection of natural features and wildlife.

Rest homes for fewer than 15 adults.

Retreat facilities.

Site-built Ssingle-family detached dwellings and modular homes.

Slaughter of animals for personal use but not for commercial purposes.

Storage and repair of heavy equipment as accessory use to a farm.

Subdivisions of land into not more than five residential lots (lots created shall not be further subdivided if the number of lots created from a parcel existing on October 6, 1986, and subdivisions thereof, together with the proposed subdivision, exceed five lots).

Timbering in accordance with section 24-43.

Water impoundments, new or expansion of, less than 20 acres and with dam heights of less than 15 feet.

Wayside stands for seasonal sale of agricultural products, limited in area to 500 square feet.

Wineries, as herein defined, including a shop for retail sale of wine, but not including other commercial accessory uses.

Wireless communications facilities that utilize alternative mounting structures, or are building mounted, or are camouflaged, and comply with division 6, Wireless Communications Facilities.

Sec. 24-349. Uses permitted by special use permit only.

In the Rural Residential District, R-8, structures to be erected or land to be used for the following uses shall be permitted only after the issuance of a special use permit approved by the board of supervisors in accordance with the procedures, guides and standards of sections 24-9 and 24-10 and such other guides and standards as may be contained in this chapter:

Airports and landing fields, helistops or heliports and accessory uses.

Animal hospitals, vieterinary offices and kennels hospitals.

Beauty shops, bBarber and beauty shops and drug stores.

Campgrounds.

Cemeteries and memorial gardens, not accessory to a church or other place of worship.

Commercial livestock or poultry operations for more than 100 slaughter or feeder cattle, 70 dairy cattle, 250 swine, 1,000 sheep, lambs, goats or similar animals, 50 horses, 10,000 chickens, or 5,500 turkeys or ducks.

Communication towers over 35 feet in height.

Community recreation facilities, public or private, including parks, playgrounds, clubhouses, boating facilities, swimming pools, ball fields, tennis courts, and other similar recreation facilities, but not those approved as a part of a planned unit development.

Convenience stores; if fuel is sold, then in accordance with section 24-38.

Day care and child day care centers.

Drug stores.

Electrical generation facilities (public or private), electrical substations with a capacity of 5,000 kilovolt amperes or more and electrical transmission lines capable of transmitting 69 kilovolts or more.

Excavation or filling, borrow pits, extraction, processing and removal of sand and gravel and stripping of top soil (but not farm pond construction, field leveling or stripping of sod for agricultural purposes and

excavations in connection with development which has received subdivision or site plan approval, which activities do not require a special use permit).

Family care homes, foster homes or group homes serving physically handicapped, mentally ill, mentally retarded or other developmentally disabled persons for more than five such persons.

Farm equipment sales and service establishments.

Farmers' markets over 2,500 square feet.

Feed, seed and farm supplies.

Fire stations or rescue squad stations, volunteer or otherwise.

Fish farming and aquaculture.

Flea markets, temporary or seasonal.

Food processing and storage, but not the slaughter of animals.

Food processing and storage in a residence.

Gift shops, antique shops.

Golf courses, and country clubs.

Greenhouses, commercial.

Group quarters for agricultural workers.

Home care facilities.

Horse and pony farms with 50 or more animals.

Horse show areas, polo fields.

Hospitals or clinic for humans.

Hotels and motels.

Houses of worship and cemeteries accessory thereto.

Hunting clubs.

Kennels.

Lodges, civic clubs, fraternal organizations or , and service clubs.

Manufacture and sale of wood products.

Manufactured home parks.

Manufactured homes in accordance with section 24-107 and section 24-108 not located within the primary service area.

Medical clinics or offices.

Neighborhood Resource Centers.

Nursing homes.

Photography, artist and sculptor studios.

Photography sales and arts and crafts shops.

Post offices and public buildings generally.

Professional, basiness, and governmental, and professional offices.

Radio and television stations or towers.

Railroad facilities including tracks, bridges, switching yards and stations. However, spur lines, which are to serve and are accessory to existing or proposed development adjacent to existing railroad right-of-ways, and track and safety improvements in existing railroad right-of-ways, are permitted generally and shall not require a special use permit.

Raising of hogs.

Rental of rooms to a maximum of three rooms.

Rest homes for 15 or more adults.

Restaurants, taverns.

Retail shops associated with community recreation facilities.

Retreat facilities.

Sanitary landfills in accordance with section 24-40, waste disposal or publicly owned solid waste container sites.

Schools, libraries, museums and similar institutions.

Seminaries.

Subdivisions of land into more than five residential lots.

Telephone exchanges and telephone switching stations.

Tourist homes.

Tower mounted wireless communications facilities in accordance with division 6, Wireless Communications Facilities, over 35 feet in height.

Transmission pipelines (public or private), including pumping stations and accessory storage, for natural gas, propane gas, petroleum products, chemicals, slurry coal and any other gases, liquids or solids. However, private extensions or connections to existing pipelines, which are intended to serve an individual residential or commercial customer and which are accessory to existing or proposed development, are permitted generally and shall not require a special use permit.

Two-family dwellings.

Utility substations.

Water facilities (public or private), and sewer facilities (public), including, but not limited to, treatment plants, pumping stations, storage facilities and transmission mains, wells and associated equipment such as pumps to be owned and operated by political jurisdictions. However, private connections to existing mains, with no additional connections to be made to the line, which are intended to serve an individual customer and which are accessory to existing or proposed development, and distribution lines and local facilities within a development, including pump stations, the following are permitted generally and shall not require a special use permit:

- (a) private connections to existing mains that are intended to serve an individual customer and are accessory to existing or proposed development, with no additional connections to be made to the line;
- (b) distribution lines and local facilities within a development, including pump stations.

Water impoundments, new or expansion of, 20 acres or more or with dam heights of 15 feet or more.

Wayside stands for sale of agricultural products over 500 square feet in area.

Yacht clubs and marinas and commercial and service facilities accessory thereto.

Sec. 24-350. Area requirements.

(a) Minimum los zize. The minimum los size shall be three acres, except for minor subdivisions as defined below.

- (b) Minor subdivision. For the purposes of this section, the term "minor subdivision" shall be defined as a division of a tract of land into not more than five lots abutting an existing public road within the transportation department road system and which does not create a new street or extend an existing street. Any contiguous property owned by the same subdivider, or deemed by the development review committee as a logical part of a contiguous subdivision cannot be subdivided into greater than five lots without meeting the density requirements.
- (c) Minimum lot size for hinor subdivisions. The minimum fit size for minor subdivisions shall be as follows:
 - Lots served by public water distribution and public sewage disposal systems shall have a minimum area of \$0,000 square feet; however, lots intended for two-family dwellings and serviced by public water distribution and sewage disposal systems shall have a minimum area of \$0,000 square feet.
 - (b2) Lots served by a public water distribution system or a public sewage disposal system but not both shall have a minimum area of 40,000 square feet; however, lots intended for two-family dwellings and served by a public water distribution system or a public sewage disposal system but not both shall have a minimum area of 60,000 square feet.
 - Lots served by individual water distribution and sawage disposal systems shall have a minimum area of 40,000 square feet; however, lots intended for two-family dwellings and served by individual water distribution and sewage disposal systems shall have a minimum area of 60,000 square feet.
 - These minimum sizes shall not apply to lots of less than 30,000 square feet recorded or legally in existence or for which preliminary approval has been obtained prior to the date of adoption of this article. Such lots of less than 30,000 square feet used for residential purposes shall be limited to one single-family residential use.

Sec. 24-351. Setback requirements.

Structures shall be located a minimum of 35 feet from any street right-of-way which is 50 feet or greater in width. If Where the street right-of-way is less than 50 feet in width, structures shall be located a minimum of 60 feet from the centerline of the street. This shall be known as the "setback line," except that the following shall apply:

- (1) Where 40 percent or more of frontage on one side of street within the same block is improved with buildings, no building shall project beyond the average front yard so established.
- (2) No building shall be required to have a front yard greater than that of one of two existing buildings on the immediately adjoining lots on each side, whichever is the farthest removed from the street.

(3) All subdivisions platted and recorded prior to March 1, 1969, with building setback lines shown on their recorded plat, will be allowed to adhere to these established setback lines.

Sec. 24-357. BMP requirements.

To assure an appearance and condition which is consistent with the purpose of the Rural Residential District, R-8, structural BMPs serving the properties within the district shall comply with the landscaping regulations in article II, division 4 of this chapter.

Sec. 24-358. Buffer requirements.

- (a) Right-of-way buffer. Within any major subdivision approved under this article, there shall be planned and maintained buffers along all external existing and planned arterial road rightsof-way, as follows:
 - (1) The minimum right-of-way buffer on Community Character Corridor roads as defined in the Comprehensive Plan shall be 150 feet, except when the average lot depth of the parent parcel is less than 600 feet. In those cases, the required buffer shall be at a depth of 25 percent of the average lot depth.
 - (2) The minimum right-of-way buffer on all non-Community Character Corridor roads shall be 75 feet, except when the average lot depth of the parent parcel is less than 300 feet. In those cases, the required buffer shall be at a depth of 25 percent of the average lot depth.
 - (3) If the buffer is non-wooded as defined for the purpose of this article as having no mature trees, then a minimum of two trees per 400 square feet of area shall be planted with a minimum 50 percent of said trees being evergreen. Otherwise, the buffer shall remain undisturbed or supplemented with additional plantings to achieve the planting ratio stated above.
- (b) Perimeter buffers. Within any major subdivision approved under this article, there shall be planned and maintained a perimeter buffer along the perimeter property lines of the development, except for areas adjacent to road rights-of-way. The nunimum perimeter buffer shall be 35 feet. Landscaping guidelines for perimeter buffers shall follow the requirements in section 24-94(a) of this chapter.
- (c) Waiver provisions. In instances where properties have more than a 300-foot average depth and are located along a Community Character Corridor, or in all instances of perimeter buffers, the planning commission may reduce the buffer depth requirements of this section for residential developments when:
 - (1) The development is less than five acres and a majority of the development's units are dedicated to affordable housing; or

- (2) The developer demonstrates that due to natural or protected features, or due to adjoining physical features, a reduced buffer will screen the development as effectively as a full buffer; or
- (3) The developer demonstrates that the development will be adequately screened and buffered from the road using berms and landscaping. Such a request shall be supplemented with a landscaping plan and/or planting plan with photos of the existing site.

In no case shall the right-of-way buffer be reduced by a waiver provision to less than 75 feet. The perimeter buffer shall not be reduced by a waiver provision to less than 20 feet. The planning commission may also, in the event of granting a waiver, require additional landscaping as determined on a case by case basis.

- (d) Modifications to the landscape requirements. The planning commission may modify, permit substitutions, or permit transfer of required landscaping in accordance with the provisions set forth in article II, division 4 of this chapter.
- (e) Requirements for inffers. All required buffers shall be exclusive of lots, remain free of structures and parking, and remain undisturbed, except for additional plantings and selective clearing approved by the director of planning or his designee. Soil stockpiles and staging areas shall not be permitted within any buffer, except that temporary soil stockpiles may be allowed upon approval by the planning commission under the following circumstances:
 - (1) The buffer in which the temporary stockpile is to occur is nonwooded, defined as having no mature trees.
 - (2) The stockpile should not be visible from a Community Character Corridor or Community Character Area, unless the soil stockpiling is needed for approved berming in that buffer.
 - (3) Stockpiles shall not exceed 35 feet in height.
 - (4) Stockpiles shall be temporary, with a time limit of six months.
 - (5) Once the use of the temporary soil stockpiles is completed, the ground must be adequately prepared for planting and toverestated in a manner that meets or exceeds the amount and quality of vegetation on the site previously.
- (f) Limitations on stormwater management facilities within buffers. Wet pands, dry detention basins, and other structural BMPs shall not generally be permitted in the buffers, except that the planning commission may approve them under the following circumstances:
 - (1) The need is necessitated by site conditions rather than economic factors; and

- (2) The screening/buffering effect of the buffer has been retained by the desten of the BMP and any degradation has been mitigated with additional plantings or berms as necessary.
- (g) Improvements allowed within buffers. An entrance road, community and directional signage, bicycle and/or pedestrian paths, and untilly connections and drainage improvements shall be permitted within the buffer with approval of the planning commission. Permitted utilities and constructed drainage conveyance systems shall cross the buffer at or near a perpendicular angle to the property line, with clearing kept to a minimum necessary to accommodate the utilities, except that minor improvements to natural drainage channels may be permitted at different angle to the property line upon the recommendation of the environmental director and the approval of the planning commission.
- (h) Roads within buffers. Entrance roads through these buffers shall be built to the narrowest cross-section possible. Roads and open space shall be located and designed in a manner that minimizes views of structures within the development from the adjoining primary or secondary road as determined by the planning commission.

Secs. 24-357 59 - 24-366. Reserved.

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Jack D. Edwards

Chairman, Board of Supervisors

ATTEST:

Sanford B. Wanner Clerk to the Board

SUPERVISOR	VOTE
NERVITT	AYE
SISK	AYE
MCGLENNON	AYE
BRADSHAW	AYE
EDWARDS	AYE

Adopted by the Board of Supervisors of James City County, Virginia, this 21st day of December, 1999.

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