ADOPTED

ORDINANCE NO. 31A-224

JUN 27 2006

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS JAMES CITY COUNTY VIRGINIA

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND AND REORDAIN CHAPTER 24, ZONING, OF THE CODE OF THE COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA, BY AMENDING ARTICLE II, SPECIAL REGULATIONS, DIVISION 3, EXTERIOR SIGNS, SECTION 24-66, DEFINITIONS; SECTION 24-70, FREESTANDING SIGNS; SECTION 24-73, SPECIAL REGULATIONS FOR CERTAIN SIGNS; AND SECTION 24-75, PROHIBITED SIGNS.

BE IT ORDAINED by the Board of Supervisors of the County of James City, Virginia, that Chapter 24, Zoning, Article II, Special Regulations, Division 3, Exterior Signs, is hereby amended and reordained by amending Section 24-66, Definitions; Section 24-70, Freestanding signs; Section 24-73, Special regulations for certain signs; and Section 24-75, Prohibited signs.

Chapter 24. Zoning Article II. Special Regulations Division 3. Exterior Signs

Section 24-66. Definitions.

For the purpose of this article, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them by this section:

Blade sign. A two-sided flat sign that projects more than 18 inches from, and that is mounted perpendicularly to, a vertical building wall. Such sign may be suspended from an arm or bracket, or may be directly mounted to a building wall or the underside of a canopy or awning.

Shopping center. A group of three or more commercial establishments having a minimum combined total square footage of 25,000 square feet, planned, constructed, and/or managed as a single entity, with customer and employee parking provided onsite, provision for goods delivery separated from customer access, aesthetic considerations and protection from the elements, and landscaping and signage in accordance with an approved plan.

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Section 24-70. Freestanding signs.

Freestanding signs shall only be permitted on properties having street frontage and shall be in compliance with the following regulations:

(d) Sign lighting.

(2) Illuminated signs within community character areas and along community character corridors, as defined above in (d)(1) a. and b. shall be signs composed of:

- a. *composed of* back-lit or lighted channeled letters as approved by the planning director in accordance with the criteria outlined in section 24-72. An applicant may appeal the decision of the planning director to the DRC. The appeal shall be in writing and shall document the reasons and justifications for such request. The DRC shall approve, deny, or conditionally approve the applicant's exception request based on the review criteria outlined in section 24-72; or
- b. shall be externally illuminated either by ground-mounted horizontal light bars4, light strips, or ground mounted spotlights in such a way that bulbs, lenses, or globes shall not be visible from the right of way. The ground mounted lights shall be concealed by landscaping. spotlights, which shall be concealed by landscaping, or by sign-mounted lighting. With either ground-mounted or sign-mounted lighting, bulbs, lenses, and globes shall not be visible from the right-of-way, and light shall not be directed in such a way as to cause glare for passing motorists or pedestrians.

Section 24-73. Special regulations for certain signs.

(i) Setback reductions in mixed-used districts. In cases where the applicant can demonstrate that the location of a sign does not obstruct adequate sight distance, and good visibility is maintained for all motorists and pedestrians traveling the intersection, the zoning administrator or his designee may permit setbacks of less than 5 feet on any lot in a mixed-used district.

(*j*) Blade signs in mixed-use districts. Blade signs are permitted in mixed-use districts, as long as the project is regulated by a Design Review Board, governed by specific architectural and design standards, and guided by an approved master plan of development, all of which shall be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Blade signs must adhere to the following limitations and requirements:

- (1) There shall be no more than one sign per public entrance to any given building;
- (2) The sign(s) shall be positioned at the public entrance(s) of the building;
- (3) An individual blade sign shall be no more than 12 square feet in area;
- (4) The total square footage of all blade signs and all building face signs shall not exceed one square foot of signage per linear foot of store frontage, with a maximum of 60 square feet. Only one side of a double-faced blade sign shall be included in a computation of sign area;
- (5) The sign shall be mounted such that the bottom edge of the sign is not less than eight feet from the finished grade directly underneath it;
- (6) Blade signs shall be unlit, or externally illuminated in such a way that bulbs, lenses, and globes shall not be visible from the right-of-way, and light shall not be directed in such a way as to cause glare for passing motorists or pedestrians;
- (7) Blade signs that extend over a public right-of-way are subject to the prior approval of the controlling public entity. If approved, the developer shall provide positive proof of insurance for each sign mounted over the public right-of-way, or an alternate liability instrument deemed suitable by the controlling public entity;
- (8) All blade signs shall obtain the prior approval of the design review board for the mixed-use project before they are installed.

(k) Pedestrian-scale directional signs in mixed-use districts. Small, free-standing signs designed to direct pedestrian traffic to locations of interest within the development may be placed in mixed-use districts, as long as the project is regulated by a design review board, governed by specific architectural and design standards, and guided by an approved master plan of development, all of which shall be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Pedestrian-scale directional signs must adhere to the following limitations and requirements:

- (1) Such individual signs shall be no more than 16 square feet in total area, and may not have more than two faces. Only one side of a double-faced sign shall be included in a computation of sign area;
- (2) The top edge of a pedestrian-scale directional sign shall be no more than seven feet above finished grade;
- (3) Any lighting that is used shall be externally mounted and either supported solely from the sign structure, or ground-mounted. The ground-mounted lights shall be concealed by landscaping. Lighting shall be directed only onto the sign's face. Bulbs, lenses, and globes shall not be visible from the right-of-way, and light shall not be directed in such a way as to cause glare for passing motorists or pedestrians;
- (4) Signs shall generally include elements such as the name and logo of the overall development, maps, and the business names, logos, and directional information for businesses that are located within the development;
- (5) The number, relative positioning, and placement of each sign in a given mixed-used development shall be subject to the prior approval of the design review board and the planning director, or his designee.

(1) Pole-mounted banners. Seasonal and/or holiday banners that are affixed to light poles that generally identify a season and/or holiday and advertise or promote the development as a whole (by including only the development name and/or logo), rather than individual enterprises, are permitted, subject to the prior approval of the Zoning Administrator, or his designee. Banners shall be mounted such that the bottom edge of any given banner is not less than eight feet from the finished grade directly beneath it. Banners are permitted only in shopping centers, (as defined in section 24-66), or in mixed-use districts.

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Section 24-75. Prohibited signs.

The following signs are specifically prohibited:

(11) Pennants, banners, flags and other displays used for marketing or advertising except as provided in Sections 24-73 (b)- and 24-73 (l).

Bruce C. Goodson Chairman, Board of Supervisors

SUPERVISOR	VOTE
HARRISON	AYE
ICENHOUR	AYE
MCGLENNON	AYE
BRADSHAW	AYE
GOODSON	AYE

ATTEST:

allack Sanford B. Wanner

Clerk to the Board

Adopted by the Board of Supervisors of James City County, Virginia, this 27th day of June, 2006.

Zoning.ord